Borehole Geophysics in Kimberlites

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Borehole Geophysics:

- · Geophysical measurements made by sensors housed inside a probe that is lowered down drill
- · Virtually any geophysical measurement made with surface or airborne systems can also be made in a borehole, in addition to methods suitable only to boreholes.

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- Natural Gamma Ray
- Caliper
- Neutron
- · Induced Polarization
- Density
- Temperature
- Magnetic
- · Total field magnetics
- Susceptibility
- Orientation
- · Inductive Conductivity . EM
- · Resistivity
- · Acoustic Tele-viewer
- · Full wave-form acoustic Velocity
- Camera

Typical Borehole System Cable

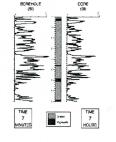
Why Use Borehole Geophysics?

- · Quantitative and unbiased
- · Efficient and cost effective
- · Continuous measurements
- · Immediate results
- · Identifies non-visual characteristics
- · Samples a larger volume

Efficient and Cost Effective

- · Measurement Time:
 - Borehole:
- 7 minutes
- Core:
- 7 hours
- · Result:

The logs are virtually identical



Sample Volume

In a 300m NQ hole:

Core

Geophysics

Diameter - 7.5 cm

Diameter - 60 cm

Volume = 1.36 m^3

Volume = 85 m^3

Applications

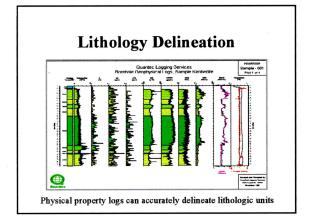
- · Quantitative definition of lithologies
- Accurate delineation of geological lithologies and kimberlite facies
- · Invaluable where core is non-existent/missing
- Provides geotechnical information for mining engineering
- Key in developing accurate 3-D ore distribution models
- · Exploit contrasts for exploration

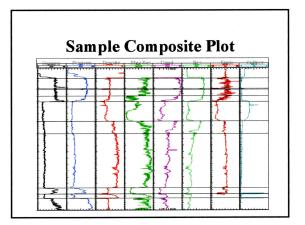
Kimberlite Identification

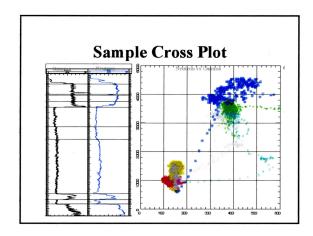
- "Five subtly different kimberlite types (not identified in chips and two types not easily identified in thin section) were uniquely identified using a diagnostic neutrongamma cross-plot."
 - Gavin Selfe, Anglo American Corporation of South Africa, Exploration Geophysics, 1997

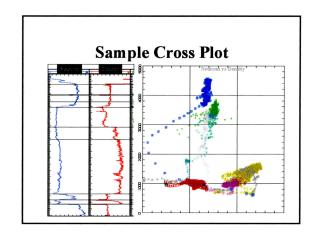
Physical Property Models

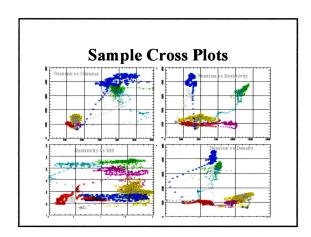
- Borehole logging is an efficient, cost effective method of making in situ physical property measurements
- Through identification of physical property contrasts, more informed decisions regarding appropriate surface geophysical techniques may be employed to locate or delineate similar subsurface structures

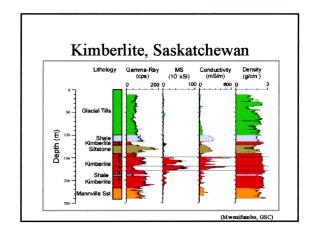




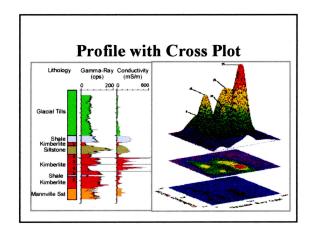








Lithology Mapping • Cross plot of two parameters logged in a kimberlite, showing five distinct groups representing mineralogically different phases of the kimberlite (the Kähr, OSC, Esplandas 7)



Two Stage Procedure

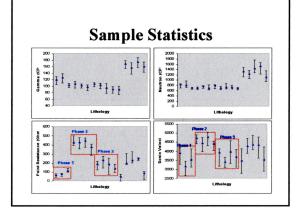
One:

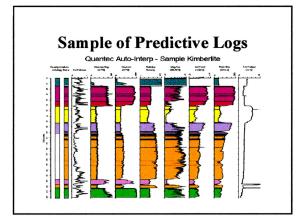
 Statistical characterization: means or medians, standard deviations or spreads

distributions of each petrophysical logging parameter for each lithology is based on a representative control data set.

Two:

• Discrimination, in which data points are assigned to the "nearest" control class in multi-parameter space.





Automatic Interpretation

- Automatic interpretation software performs rapid analysis of multi-parameter logs and expedites presentation of interpreted results in a meaningful form
- The algorithm exploits the contrasts in petrophysical signatures between different lithologies

Summary: Physical Property Logging

- · Quantitative definition of lithologies
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FOR MORE INFO.

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